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駐澳大利亞代表處經濟組 函

受文者：經濟部國際貿易局

發文日期：中華民國110年3月19日
發文字號：澳經發字第1100000205號
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附件：如文（澳經發1100000205_Attach1.pdf）

主旨：有關澳洲反傾銷委員會公告「自中國大陸、印度、韓國、馬來西亞、臺灣與越南進口特定鍍鋅鋼品反傾銷措施檢討案」之裁定結果事，請查照。



說明：

一、依據澳洲反傾銷委員會(Anti-Dumping Commission, ADC)本(110)年3月17日2021/012號公告辦理，本組上年11月9日澳經發字第 1090000692號函諒察。

二、前揭公告要點略如次：

(一)查澳洲反傾銷委員會於2019年8月23日公告，對自中國大陸、印度、韓國、馬來西亞、臺灣與越南進口特定鍍鋅鋼品展開反傾銷措施檢討。(註：本案涉及產品之稅則號列：7210.49.00、7212.30.00、7225.92.00及7226.99.00。自中國大陸、韓國及臺灣進口之旨揭產品係指表面鍍鋅，寬度小於、等於或大於600毫米之鐵與非合金鋼捲；以及自臺灣燁輝企業股份有限公司進口之表面鍍鋅，寬度小於、等於或大於600毫米含合金之鐵或鋼捲。)本案反傾銷措施檢討結果之相關建議、作成建議

國際貿易局 110/03/19



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之理由與事實認定等均已詳載於該會第521及522號報告(REP 521 and 522)。

(二)本案經澳洲產業、科學暨技術部長Karen Andrews裁定我商中鴻鋼鐵股份有限公司(Chung Hung Steel Corporation)與裕鐵企業股份有限公司(Prosperity Tieh Enterprise Co Ltd)排除適用反傾銷稅；裁定傾銷差額稅率：燁輝企業股份有限公司(Yieh Phui Enterprise Co Ltd)為5.3%、及其他出口商8.6%。

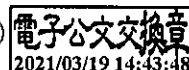
(三)澳方課徵之實際稅率可能高於前述有效稅率，受影響廠商如有疑義可洽澳洲反傾銷委員會business.gov.au，電話 132 846 或 +61 2 6213 6000，電郵：clientsupport@adcommission.gov.au。

(四)各利害關係人得自公告日起30天內向澳洲反傾銷複審小組(Anti-Dumping Review Panel www.adreviewpanel.gov.au)提出複審要求。本案相關詢問可逕洽澳洲反傾銷委員會專案經理，電郵：investigations4@adcommission.gov.au、電話：+61 3 8539 2559。

三、檢附澳洲反傾銷委員會公告一份如附件，併請查參。

正本：經濟部國際貿易局

副本：經濟部國際貿易局雙邊貿易一組(含附件)





ANTI-DUMPING NOTICE NO. 2021/012

Certain Zinc Coated (Galvanised) Steel exported to Australia from the People's Republic of China, the Republic of India, the Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Taiwan and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Findings in relation to a review of anti-dumping measures

Notice under section 269ZDB(1) of the Customs Act 1901

The Commissioner of the Anti-Dumping Commission has completed a review, which commenced on 23 August 2019, of the anti-dumping measures applying to certain zinc coated (galvanised) steel (the goods) exported to Australia from the People's Republic of China (China), the Republic of India (India), the Republic of Korea (Korea), Malaysia, Taiwan, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam).

Recommendations resulting from the review, reasons for the recommendations and material findings of fact and law in relation to the review are contained in *Anti-Dumping Commission Report No. 521 and 522* (REP 521 and 522).

I, KAREN ANDREWS, the Minister for Industry, Science and Technology, have considered REP 521 and 522 and have decided to accept the recommendations and reasons for the recommendations, including all the material findings of facts or law, set out in REP 521 and 522.

Under section 269ZDB(1)(a)(iii) of the *Customs Act 1901* (the Act), I declare that, for the purposes of the Act and sections 8(5) and 10(3A) of the *Customs Tariff (Anti-Dumping) Act 1975*, with effect from the day after the publication of this notice, the dumping duty notice applying to the goods exported to Australia from China, India, Korea, Malaysia, Taiwan and Vietnam and the countervailing duty notice applying to the goods exported to Australia from China and India are to be taken to have effect as if different variable factors had been fixed in respect of exporters generally, relevant to the determination of duty.

For uncooperative and all other exporters from India, the sum of the ascertained export price (AEP), interim dumping duty (IDD) and interim countervailing duty (ICD) exceeds the non-injurious price (NIP). In accordance with section 8(5BA) and section 10(3D) of the Dumping Duty Act, I have had regard to the desirability of specifying a lesser amount of duty and have fixed the uncooperative and all other exporters from India to not exceed the NIP.

For the remaining exporters from Korea, Malaysia, Taiwan and Vietnam, the NIP of goods for the purposes of the dumping duty notice is greater than the normal value of the goods. Therefore a lesser amount of duty has not been applied.

For all exporters from China, and in accordance with sections 8(5BAA), 10(3D) and 10(3DA) of the Dumping Duty Act, and section 269TAC(2)(a)(ii) of the Act, I have not had regard to the desirability of specifying a lesser amount of duty, due to the situation in the market in the country of export.

The interim dumping duty and dumping duty payable that has been determined is an amount worked out in accordance with the combination of fixed and variable duty method or the floor price duty method, as indicated in the following table, for all exporters subject to the dumping duty notice. The interim countervailing duty and countervailing duty payable that has been determined is an amount worked out in accordance with the *ad valorem* duty method for all exporters subject to the countervailing duty notice. Particulars of the margins established for each exporter and the effective rates of duty are set out in the following table.¹

Country	Exporter	Dumping duty method	Dumping margin	Subsidy margin	Effective rate of duty*
China	Shandong Guanzhou Dingxin Plate Technology Co. Ltd	Floor price	-12.6%	N/A	0.0%
	Guanxian Hongshun Composite Material Co., Ltd	Floor price	0.0%	0.0% ²	0.0%
	Jiangyin Zongcheng Steel Co., Ltd.	Combination	8.9%	N/A	8.9%
	All other exporters	Combination	17.2%	12.1%	24.1%
India	All other exporters	Combination	12.0%	4.3%	12.8%
Korea	KG Dongbu Co. Ltd	Floor price	-4.1%	N/A	0.0%
	All other exporters	Floor price	-1.4%	N/A	0.0%
Malaysia	All other exporters	Combination	16.5%	N/A	16.5%
Taiwan	Chung Hung Steel Corporation	Floor price	-1.2%	N/A	0.0%
	Prosperity Tieh Enterprise Co., Ltd	Floor price	0.0%	N/A	0.0%
	Yieh Phui Enterprise Co Ltd	Combination	5.3%	N/A	5.3%
	All other exporters	Combination	8.6%	N/A	8.6%
Vietnam	China Steel Sumikin Vietnam Joint Stock Company	Floor price	-3.5%	N/A	0.0%
	All other exporters	Floor price	-0.7%	N/A	0.0%

¹ In relation to dumping duties, exports from Dongkuk Steel Mill Co. Ltd, POSCO, Ta Fong Steel Co. Ltd, Sheng Yu Steel Co. Ltd, Hoa Sen Group, Nam Kim Steel Joint Stock Company were not considered as measures do not apply to these entities. In relation to countervailing duties for China, exports from Angang Steel Company Ltd, ANSC-TKS Galvanizing Co. Ltd, Yieh Phui Technomaterial Co. Ltd, Jiangyin Zongcheng Steel Co. Ltd and Shangdong Guanzhou Dingxin Plate Technology Co. Ltd were not considered as measures do not apply to these entities.

² Whilst Hongshun's subsidy margin is 0.0%, Hongshun received a benefit from a countervailable subsidy in the review period which has been rounded to the nearest decimal number.

* The calculation of combined dumping and countervailing duties is not necessarily simply a matter of adding the dumping and subsidy margins together for any given exporter, or group of exporters. Rather, the collective interim dumping duty and interim countervailing duty imposed in relation to the goods, is the sum of:

- the subsidy rate calculated for all countervailable programs, and
- the dumping rates calculated.

The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty due to a number of factors. Affected parties should contact the Anti-Dumping Commission (the Commission) through business.gov.au on 132 846 or +61 2 6213 6000, or by email to clientsupport@adcommission.gov.au for further information regarding the actual duty liability calculation in their particular circumstance.

To preserve confidentiality, details of the revised variable factors such as the ascertained export price, normal value and non-injurious price will not be published.

Interested parties may seek a review of this decision by lodging an application with the Anti-Dumping Review Panel (www.adreviewpanel.gov.au) in accordance with the requirements in Division 9 of Part XVB of the Act, within 30 days of the publication of this notice.

REP 521 and 522 has been placed on the Commission's public record. The public record may be examined at www.adcommission.gov.au. Enquiries about this notice may be directed to the case manager on telephone number +61 3 8539 2559 or by email to investigations4@adcommission.gov.au.

Dated this 17th day of March 2021.



Karen Andrews
Minister for Industry, Science and Technology